

FINGER PRINTS ONLY SUREWAY OF IDENTIFICATION

Time Doesn't Change This
Clue—Case of Famous
Mona Lisa Painting—Solved
Many Crimes.

(Written for the International News Service)

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—In Norristown, Pa., the brave mother of baby Blakeley Coughlin, recently kidnapped, is keeping up her spirits and saying she believes her child will eventually be found.

But meanwhile, whenever a clue is discovered, whenever a baby whose description tallies with that of her lost son is found, Mrs. Coughlin must take a trip to some distant place, expensive and disappointing as it is.

Each day that passes is changing Blakeley's little features. In a few years if he were to be found it is doubtful if his own mother would recognize him.

There is only one means of identification that time doesn't change—the finger print.

If Blakeley's tiny finger prints had been taken, cards with facsimiles of the whorls and grooves—five on every human being—could have been forwarded to authorities all over the country to compare with any baby thought to be the child kidnapped from Norristown.

The finger print case solved many crimes, traced many murderers. Some interested investigators of the Edwell's eyes had been photographed a picture of the murderer, which had been found there. This theory was just of a statement with intent to prove facts more expert in detecting crime than New York.

The idea of taking pictures of dead men's eyes is an ingenious theme of detective stories. Fredrick Kubne, for many years attached to the bureau of criminal identification of the police department in this city, who is a finger print expert.

But the finger print is the most positive means of identifying any person.

"Think of the endless trials and trouble in store for Mrs. Coughlin, whose son has been stolen. No mother could bear of him without losing it up. And each trial that is fruitless makes her disappointment for her."

"If mothers had children finger-printed, how much trouble could be prevented."

I thought of a magazine story written a few years ago by a clever young woman in which she told of babies carefully lost and mislaid in hospitals. Curious as it seems, brand new babies with humanity with the coloring of hair and eyes could be very easily mixed up. This writer recommended at that time, I recall, the finger-printing of babies immediately after birth to avoid heart-breaking mistakes. Imagine the mental turmoil of a young mother watching a child grow up, never knowing if the little one she sheltered were really her own.

Children change rapidly when growing from babyhood. Features and characteristics become more definite. But the tips of the fingers never change except to grow larger, but in expanding the design of the lines remains unalterable.

The idea of taking prints of fingers is associated in most minds with crime," continued Mr. Kubne. "But it should not be thought of in that respect. In view of the help it can render in many other exigencies of life."

For instance, take the case of a man making a will. He calls a relative for a beneficiary. But there may be two men of the same name in the family. After the signature of the will is dead, who can say to which relative he intended to leave his fortune? A finger print of the object of his benevolence would simplify proceedings greatly.

"Often, in severe accidents, people are so helplessly injured that their bodies cannot be claimed by relatives. In fires and other disasters if a person's finger prints of victims make a person would not go to the archives of the Paris police."

"In the theft of the famous painting of Mona Lisa from the Louvre, a finger print led to the discovery of the thief."

"Before that time the French did not want to use finger prints. They would mean the throwing out of the Bertillon system. The French are a very conservative people in such matters."

"Yet for a long time prints had been made secretly of the fingers of criminals and were kept in the archives of the Paris police."

Vincenzo Ferruccio, while he was working in the Louvre in the care of the painting, according to his own statement, he wanted his own country, Italy, to have possession of the great work of her son, Leonardo da Vinci.

"But he left finger prints on the glass and frame that had held the Mona Lisa's famous smile. Later it was found these marks were identical with the prints of Ferruccio's hand on a previous occasion, when he had been convicted of carrying firearms without a permit."

"In the Caruso gem robbery the strong box that contained the jewels should not have been touched after the loss was discovered. But everyone about handled it and the traces of finger prints were obliterated."

"Crime, nevertheless, is pretty skillfully studied and traced here in America. It is unfair to compare our methods with those used in Paris, for a policeman in this city may take a man to jail and detain him there several days or longer without bringing him into court. In this land, if court is in session, a man arrested must be taken there immediately. And false arrest is dangerous business here."

"To America a man is innocent until he can be proved guilty. Abroad the opposite is true."

The American consular authorities and shipping masters are deluged daily with appeals from members of a harem of Moroccan women who want to ship to America. Most of them have saved up a few francs while doing their stunts in the caresses of the Sahara, but a steamship ticket to America costs about twice what it did before the war.

Most of the Moroccan and Arab circus men have had experience with big American circuses. A large number were mobilized during the war and saw service in France. Owing to distinctions among the various tribes deep in the Sahara they were not demobilized at once upon arriving in Algeria and Tunisia, but were kept in the camps at Djibouti and Togo, from where they were to be sent to America, but so far they have been disappointed.

Upon being discharged from the army the circus men banded together and played the tourist game of Algeria, Tunisia, Kairouan, Biskra, and the other resorts near Tunis and Algiers. With their strategies they hoped to be able to come to America, but so far they have been disappointed.

A number of American circus men have picked up the best of the tunics, as well as several of the fattest women of Tunis, which has been noted for centuries for its fat women. Some Arab circus men have managed to make a little money posing for American photographers. Eight American men were recently touring Algeria and Tunisia, among them Capt. Meri Lavo, of Seattle, Wash., who has just completed a film for the American Red Cross, entitled "The Children of the Sahara."

COX CONFERS WITH FIRST WOMAN MEMBER OF CIVIL SERVICE BOARD



Gov. Cox and Mrs. Gardiner.

Gov. Cox recently had a conference with Mrs. Helen Hamilton Gardiner, member of the United States civil service commission. Mrs. Gardiner, who received her appointment from President Wilson some months ago, is the first woman to be honored by a political post of such importance.

But the finger print is the most positive means of identifying any person.

"Think of the endless trials and trouble in store for Mrs. Coughlin, whose son has been stolen. No mother could bear of him without losing it up. And each trial that is fruitless makes her disappointment for her."

"If mothers had children finger-printed, how much trouble could be prevented."

I thought of a magazine story written a few years ago by a clever young woman in which she told of babies carefully lost and mislaid in hospitals. Curious as it seems, brand new babies with humanity with the coloring of hair and eyes could be very easily mixed up. This writer recommended at that time, I recall, the finger-printing of babies immediately after birth to avoid heart-breaking mistakes. Imagine the mental turmoil of a young mother watching a child grow up, never knowing if the little one she sheltered were really her own.

Children change rapidly when growing from babyhood. Features and characteristics become more definite. But the tips of the fingers never change except to grow larger, but in expanding the design of the lines remains unalterable.

The idea of taking prints of fingers is associated in most minds with crime," continued Mr. Kubne. "But it should not be thought of in that respect. In view of the help it can render in many other exigencies of life."

For instance, take the case of a man making a will. He calls a relative for a beneficiary. But there may be two men of the same name in the family. After the signature of the will is dead, who can say to which relative he intended to leave his fortune? A finger print of the object of his benevolence would simplify proceedings greatly.

"Often, in severe accidents, people are so helplessly injured that their bodies cannot be claimed by relatives. In fires and other disasters if a person's finger prints of victims make a person would not go to the archives of the Paris police."

"In the theft of the famous painting of Mona Lisa from the Louvre, a finger print led to the discovery of the thief."

"Before that time the French did not want to use finger prints. They would mean the throwing out of the Bertillon system. The French are a very conservative people in such matters."

"Yet for a long time prints had been made secretly of the fingers of criminals and were kept in the archives of the Paris police."

Vincenzo Ferruccio, while he was working in the Louvre in the care of the painting, according to his own statement, he wanted his own country, Italy, to have possession of the great work of her son, Leonardo da Vinci.

"But he left finger prints on the glass and frame that had held the Mona Lisa's famous smile. Later it was found these marks were identical with the prints of Ferruccio's hand on a previous occasion, when he had been convicted of carrying firearms without a permit."

"In the Caruso gem robbery the strong box that contained the jewels should not have been touched after the loss was discovered. But everyone about handled it and the traces of finger prints were obliterated."

"Crime, nevertheless, is pretty skillfully studied and traced here in America. It is unfair to compare our methods with those used in Paris, for a policeman in this city may take a man to jail and detain him there several days or longer without bringing him into court. In this land, if court is in session, a man arrested must be taken there immediately. And false arrest is dangerous business here."

"To America a man is innocent until he can be proved guilty. Abroad the opposite is true."

The American consular authorities and shipping masters are deluged daily with appeals from members of a harem of Moroccan women who want to ship to America. Most of them have saved up a few francs while doing their stunts in the caresses of the Sahara, but a steamship ticket to America costs about twice what it did before the war.

Most of the Moroccan and Arab circus men have had experience with big American circuses. A large number were mobilized during the war and saw service in France. Owing to distinctions among the various tribes deep in the Sahara they were not demobilized at once upon arriving in Algeria and Tunisia, but were kept in the camps at Djibouti and Togo, from where they were to be sent to America, but so far they have been disappointed.

Upon being discharged from the army the circus men banded together and played the tourist game of Algeria, Tunisia, Kairouan, Biskra, and the other resorts near Tunis and Algiers. With their strategies they hoped to be able to come to America, but so far they have been disappointed.

A number of American circus men have picked up the best of the tunics, as well as several of the fattest women of Tunis, which has been noted for centuries for its fat women. Some Arab circus men have managed to make a little money posing for American photographers. Eight American men were recently touring Algeria and Tunisia, among them Capt. Meri Lavo, of Seattle, Wash., who has just completed a film for the American Red Cross, entitled "The Children of the Sahara."

THE sculpturing of a statue is a greater thing than the unveiling of it; and so the growth of the unborn infant under its mother's influence is no less important than its entrance into the life that follows.

No woman awaiting the joy of coming motherhood should allow the days to pass without giving nature a helping hand. Mother's Friend is a veritable balm for the nerves, an intensely penetrating application that softens the muscles, relaxes nervous tension of the delicate organism involved in maternity, and prepares the way for an easier, quicker, and practical delivery.

USED BY THREE GENERATIONS

As a direct and powerful aid for the relief of the distressing phases in expectancy, and in the alleviation of the hardships that usually come with child-bearing.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Used externally At all Druggists

Write for special booklet on MOTHERHOOD AND BABY, free
BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY, Dept. A-21, Atlanta, Ga.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

HAVANA.—The American commission appointed to co-operate with Cuban officials in arranging plans for relieving freight congestion in Havana harbor, arrived here today. It is headed by Ernest L. Board, of the United States department of state, and Maj. H. B. Bennett, of the American shipping board.

MEXICO CITY.—Gov. Cantu of Lower California has summoned the Mexican nation more than 1,000,000 pesos, according to an interview with a treasury official published here. Villa has written Provisional President de la Huerta outlining his plans to establish a government in the north, and requesting books, pencils, and other supplies. He declares he will spend any money sent him for educational purposes.

MEXICO CITY.—Paying off followers of Francisco Villa, who will receive a treasury check for 1,000,000 pesos, according to an interview with a treasury official published here. Villa has written Provisional President de la Huerta outlining his plans to establish a government in the north, and requesting books, pencils, and other supplies. He declares he will spend any money sent him for educational purposes.

NEW YORK.—Dr. Jose Arenas, wealthy South American dentist, who was found dead with three bullet wounds in his body in his West Side apartment, committed suicide, the medical examiner reported after an autopsy. Arenas ended his life after an unsuccessful attempt to kill Ruth Jackson, a chorus girl, and Ignacio Marti, her companion. Marti and Jackson, each of whom was shot, but not seriously injured by Arenas, told the police that the dentist had tried to get some clothes for the girl held in his apartment, when the shooting took place.

MEXICO CITY.—Estaban Cantu, governor of Lower California, has telegraphed warning to the provisional president that he will not be responsible for any occurrences which result from troops being sent against him. He says international difficulties will result if such action is taken because of the many foreigners in that part of Mexico.

BERLIN.—Strong opposition to obeying orders from the Moscow government has sprung up in the Russian army on the Polish front, it is declared in a dispatch to the Tagblatt from Koenigsberg. It is pointed out that the soviet army is to a great extent led by former officers of the imperial army.

NEW YORK.—Restrictions on the export of coal and on the readjustment of coal rates to New England were suggested by Senator William M. Calder, chairman of the special senate committee on reconstruction and production, as a means of relieving the acute coal shortage, especially in New York and New England. These suggestions, arising out of information obtained at recent committee hearings, were contained in letters sent to the interstate commerce commission.

ATHENS.—The Greeks have extended their outposts in Asia Minor on account of reported massacres and general disorder in the region beyond their lines through the breaking up of the army of Mustafa Kemal Pasha, the national leader of the basic line of the Greeks runs north and south through Gordis, Kula, Ormuz, Bag, and east to Simav, near Philadelphia, and also along the southern Mender valley.

WARSAW.—Sergei William Cook, of Fay, Okla., who remained with an American typhoid expedition train and was captured by the Bolsheviks at Minsk, two weeks ago, is reported to be safe at Kovno, in a telegram received by the American Red Cross. He is returning to Warsaw through the Baltic states.

HARRODSBURG, Ky.—Announcement was made of the sale of the 388 Jordan distillery, this city, and 400,000 gallons of whisky, to George Lee and other New York capitalists for \$750,000. The distillery building will be dismantled and machinery and equipment will be taken to Cuba and set up again.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Capt. J. Newmiller, 28 years old, of Shamokin, was killed, and Ray S. Nutt, mechanic, of Mifflin, was seriously injured when their airplane crashed to the ground near Meristia, this county, Capt. Newmiller was returning to Lancaster.

LOEB'S LAUNDRY SERVICE INCLUDES MANY THINGS

—many little things that could be left undone.

Details of Loeb's Laundry—the many little things that you do not notice—are the very things that make our service what it is. All YOU need to do is to call phone 90. WE do the rest.

PHONE 90

LOEB'S LAUNDRY
TELEPHONE 90

Back Feel Lame, Sore and Achy?



Do you get up these summer mornings feeling tired, achy and lacking energy and ambition? Do you drag through the day with a steady, nagging backache? Evening find you dull, irritable—"all-worn-out?" It's likely then, your kidneys are to blame. Modern habits, with constant hurry and worry, lack of rest, and eating too much meat, throw a heavy strain upon the kidneys. Your back gives out—feels lame and achy; you are tired and depressed and likely suffer headaches, dizzy spells and perhaps an annoying kidney irregularity. Don't go from bad to worse. Get back your health and keep it! Take things easier for awhile and begin treating the weakened kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's have brought new strength to thousands. They should help you. Ask your neighbor!

These are Memphis Cases:

<p>East Georgia Street</p> <p>Henry C. Heuer, millwright, 475 E. Georgia St., says: "I had kidney and bladder trouble for about twenty years and suffered a lot from backache and trouble with the kidney secrets. My kidneys acted so irregularly that I felt weak and sore and didn't have strength enough to stand on my feet very long. It nearly killed me to stoop and I had blinding, dizzy spells. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Renkert & Co.'s Drug Store and took them as directed. They fixed me up in good shape and I went back to work, feeling O. K. I have recommended Doan's on many occasions since."</p>	<p>South Lauderdale Street</p> <p>Mrs. E. G. Turner, 1330 South Lauderdale St., says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills and I well remember the benefit they were to me. My kidneys caused me a lot of annoyance. There were very many symptoms of the same. I felt miserable until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. It was no time until I was entirely cured. They seemed to tone up my system and give me new life." (Statement given November 20, 1914.)</p> <p>On April 27, 1918, Mrs. Turner said: "The cure I spoke of in my previous statement has lasted. I think a lot of Doan's Kidney Pills and advise others to give this medicine a trial."</p>	<p>Gaston Avenue</p> <p>Thomas Clarke, proprietor teaming business, 383 Gaston Ave., says: "I noticed my kidneys didn't act properly and by spells my back would ache. I think I was overdoing myself working too hard and that is what brought on the complaint. Often I would get dizzy and my condition was pretty bad. I knew I would have to do something to check this trouble, and as Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended so highly, I got a supply. I took them as directed and they toned up my system and I have never felt better."</p>
<p>Faxon Avenue</p> <p>Mrs. Q. H. Dillard, 841 Faxon Ave., says: "A few years ago I suffered from attacks of kidney disorders and lameness in the small of my back. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I did. They cured me of the kidney disorder and removed the lameness in my back. I am glad to say I have never had any return of the complaint. I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to any one I hear complaining of backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble."</p>	<p>South Third Street</p> <p>Mrs. P. F. Parker, 654 South Third St., says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills several times when my kidneys did not act properly and they gave me quick relief on every occasion. I used to have bad pains across my back so that I couldn't walk. The way my kidneys acted showed they were disordered and I felt all out of sorts until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. This kidney medicine proved to be just as represented and I am pleased to recommend it, for I have never had any of that trouble since."</p>	



NO package of Doan's Kidney Pills is genuine unless it bears the maple-leaf trade-mark and the signature—"Jas. Doan."

Doan's Kidney Pills

Every Druggist has Doan's, 60c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Manufacturing Chemists, Buffalo, N. Y.

"ASPRIN"

WARNING! The name "Bayer" is the thumb-print which identifies genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 20 years and proved safe by millions.



SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and for pain generally. Strictly American!

Standy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetacidester of Salicylic Acid.

Gained Ten Pounds

Before Taking ZIRON, Alabama Man Was Weak. Nervous, Had No Appetite, But Is Now Strong

Every man and woman, who is in a run-down, weak condition, with bad complexion and poor appetite, due to lack of iron in their blood, should find Ziron helpful and strength-building. It is a scientific, reconstructive tonic, composed of ingredients recommended by leading medical authorities. Describing his experience with Ziron, Mr. George W. S. Lanier writes from Jones, Ala.: "Sometime back, I was in a terrible condition. I was weak and nervous and had a tired feeling all the time. My skin was muddy. I had no appetite, and at morning I didn't feel like getting up. I was reading of Ziron and decided I would try it."

"Will say that Ziron is a good medicine. I have gained ten pounds in four months. Am strong and have a good appetite. Ziron is a mild iron tonic, good for young and old. It helps to restore the system, when run-down by overwork, under-nourishment, caused by stomach or bowel disorders, or as a result of some weakening illness. Get Ziron from your druggist. He sells it on a money-back guarantee. Ad."